

# **Test Definition: STL**

Enteric Pathogens Culture, Feces

## Overview

## **Useful For**

Determining whether a bacterial enteric pathogen is the cause of diarrhea

May be helpful in identifying the source of the infectious agent (eg, dairy products, poultry, water, or meat)

This test is generally **not useful for** patients hospitalized more than 3 days because the yield from specimens from these patients is very low, as is the likelihood of identifying a pathogen that has not been detected previously.

## Reflex Tests

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
GID	Bacteria Identification	No, (Bill Only)	No
ISAE	Aerobe Ident by	No, (Bill Only)	No
	Sequencing		
REFID	Additional Identification	No, (Bill Only)	No
	Procedure		
SALS	Serologic Agglut Method 1	No, (Bill Only)	No
	Ident		
SHIG	Serologic Agglut Method 3	No, (Bill Only)	No
	ldent		
RMALD	Ident by MALDI-TOF mass	No, (Bill Only)	No
	spec		

## Testing Algorithm

When this test is ordered, the reflex tests may be performed at an additional charge. Reportable pathogens include *Aeromonas, Campylobacter, Salmonella, Shigella,* and *Yersinia*.

Note: This test does not include culture for *Escherichia coli* O157:H7. All bacterial isolates worked up, to rule in or out as a pathogen, will be billed for work performed and resources consumed.

For more information see Laboratory Testing for Infectious Causes of Diarrhea.

## **Special Instructions**

Laboratory Testing for Infectious Causes of Diarrhea

Method Name Conventional Culture

## NY State Available

Yes



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# Specimen

Specimen Type Fecal

## **Ordering Guidance**

1. If Vibrio is suspected, order VIBC / Vibrio Culture, Feces.

2. If susceptibility testing is needed; also order ZMMLS / Antimicrobial Susceptibility, Aerobic Bacteria, Varies. Pathogens for which susceptibility testing would be pursued are: *Shigella* species, *Yersinia* species, *Campylobacter* species, *Arcobacter* species, and *Vibrio* species. If susceptibilities are not appropriate, they will not be performed and ZMMLS will be canceled at report time.

3. Clostridioides (Clostridium) difficile, a major cause of nosocomial diarrhea, is not detected by this test. Order CDPCR / Clostridioides difficile Toxin, PCR, Feces.

4. Escherichia coli O157:H7 is not detected by this test. Order STFRP / Shiga Toxin, Molecular Detection, PCR, Feces.

## Additional Testing Requirements

In some cases, local public health requirements may impact Mayo Clinic Laboratories (MCL) clients and require submission of isolates to a public health laboratory. Clients should familiarize themselves with local requirements and will be responsible for submitting isolates to the appropriate public health laboratory. Clients can obtain isolates of *Vibrio* species by calling 800-533-1710 as soon as possible to ensure viability of the organism.

## Shipping Instructions

Specimens must arrive within 72 hours of collection if using fecal swabs or within 4 days of collection if using Culture and Sensitivity stool transport vial.

## **Necessary Information**

Specimen source is required.

## **Specimen Required**

Patient Preparation: Patient should not use barium or bismuth for 7 to 10 days before specimen collection.

## Submit only 1 of the following specimens:

## Preferred:

Specimen Type: Fecal Swab
Supplies: Copan Fecal Swab (T995)
Container/Tube: Culture transport swab (Dacron or rayon swab with aluminum or plastic shaft with either Stuart or Amies liquid medium)
Specimen Volume: Representative portion of fecal specimen
Collection Instructions:

1. Remove swab from packaging.

2. Collect a small amount of stool by inserting all the tip of the flocked swab into the stool sample and rotate.

3. Transfer swab into the tube with preservative medium within 2 hours of collection and visually check to ensure MAX fill line is not exceeded.



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- 4. Mix stool specimen against side of tube to evenly disperse.
- 5. Break swab off into the tube.
- 6. Place screw cap in tube and tighten.
- 7. Shake vial until sample homogenous.
- 8. Place vial in a sealed plastic bag.

Specimen Stability Information: Refrigerated 3 days (preferred)/Ambient 2 days

# Acceptable:

Specimen Type: Preserved Feces

Supplies: Culture and Sensitivity Stool Transport Vial (T058)

**Container/Tube:** Commercially available transport system specific for recovery of enteric pathogens from fecal specimens (15 mL of non-nutritive transport medium containing phenol red as a pH indicator, either Cary-Blair or Para-Pak C and S)

Specimen Volume: Representative portion of fecal specimen

## **Collection Instructions:**

- 1. Collect fresh feces and submit 1 gram or 5 mL in container with transport medium.
- 2. Place feces in preservative within 2 hours of collection.
- 3. Place vial in a sealed plastic bag.

Specimen Stability Information: Ambient 4 days (preferred)/Refrigerated 4 days

# Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a <u>Gastroenterology and Hepatology Test Request</u> (T728) with the specimen.

## **Specimen Minimum Volume**

1 mL

# Reject Due To

Unpreserved	Reject
stool	
ECOFIX	
preservative	
Formalin	
PVA fixative	
Enteric	
Transport	
Media	

# **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Fecal	Varies		
	Ambient		
	Refrigerated		



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# **Clinical & Interpretive**

## **Clinical Information**

Diarrhea may be caused by a number of agents (eg, bacteria, viruses, parasites, and chemicals) and these agents may result in similar symptoms. A thorough patient history covering symptoms, severity, duration of illness, age, travel history, food consumption, history of recent antibiotic use, and illnesses in the family or other contacts will help the physician categorize the disease and ensure that any special requests are communicated to the laboratory.

## **Reference Values**

No growth of pathogens

## Interpretation

The growth of an enteric pathogen identifies the cause of diarrhea.

## Cautions

No significant cautionary statements

## **Clinical Reference**

1. York MK, Rodrigues-Wong P, Church L: Fecal culture for aerobic pathogens of gastroenteritis. In: Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook. 3rd ed. ASM Press; 2010:Section 3.8.1

2. Jerris RC, Fields PI, Nicholson MA: Fecal culture for *Campylobacter* and related organisms. In: Clinical Microbiology Procedures Handbook. 3rd ed. ASM Press; 2010:Section 3.8.2

3. DuPont HL. Persistent diarrhea: A clinical review. JAMA. 2016;315(24):2712-2723. doi:10.1001/jama.2016.7833

## Performance

## **Method Description**

The fecal specimen is inoculated onto selective media designed to inhibit growth of normal bowel microbiota while allowing growth of the enteric pathogens. The following media are used: sheep blood agar, Hektoen enteric agar, eosin-methylene blue agar, *Campylobacter* agar, cefsulodin-irgasan-novobiocin (CIN) agar, and the enrichment broth, selenite F. After incubation, suspect colonies are identified using 1 or a combination of the following techniques: matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization time of flight mass spectrometry (MALDI-TOF), conventional biochemical tests, carbon source utilization, serologic methods, or nucleic acid sequencing of the 16S ribosomal RNA gene.(Procop GW, Church DL, Hall GS, et al, eds. Koneman's Color Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology. 7th ed. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins; 2017)

PDF Report

Day(s) Performed Monday through Sunday

**Report Available** 



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3 to 8 days

# **Specimen Retention Time**

7 days

# **Performing Laboratory Location**

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

# Fees & Codes

## Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact Customer Service.

## **Test Classification**

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

## **CPT Code Information**

87045-Enteric Pathogens Culture, Stool-with isolation and preliminary examination

- 87046 x 3-Stool Culture Aerobic Bacteria, each
- 87077-Ident by MALDI-TOF mass spec (if appropriate)
- 87077-Bacteria Identification (if appropriate)
- 87153-Aerobe Ident by Sequencing (if appropriate)
- 87077-Additional Identification Procedure (if appropriate)
- 87147 x 3-Serologic Agglut Method 1 Ident (if appropriate)
- 87147 x 4-Serologic Agglut Method 3 Ident (if appropriate)
- 87150 Carbapenem resistance genes (if appropriate)

## LOINC<sup>®</sup> Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
STL	Enteric Pathogens Culture, Stool	625-4

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
STL	Enteric Pathogens Culture, Stool	In Process