

Overview

Useful For

Providing a comprehensive genetic evaluation for patients with a personal or family history suggestive of a hereditary combined humoral and cell-mediated immunodeficiency (CID)

Establishing a diagnosis of a combined immunodeficiency associated with known causal genes

Identifying variants within genes known to be associated with inherited CID, allowing for predictive testing of at-risk family members and/or determination of targeted management (anticipatory guidance, management changes, specific therapies)

Reflex Tests

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
CULAF	Amniotic Fluid Culture/Genetic Test	Yes	No
_STR1	Comp Analysis using STR (Bill only)	No, (Bill only)	No
_STR2	Add'l comp analysis w/STR (Bill Only)	No, (Bill only)	No
CULFB	Fibroblast Culture for Genetic Test	Yes	No
MATCC	Maternal Cell Contamination, B	Yes	No

Genetics Test Information

This test utilizes next-generation sequencing to detect single nucleotide and copy number variants in 117 genes associated with hereditary combined immunodeficiency: *ADA, AK2, ARPC1B, ATM, BCL10, BCL11B, BLM, CARD11, CD247, CD28, CD3D, CD3E, CD3G, CD40, CD40LG, CD70, CD8A, CDCA7, CHD7, CIITA, CORO1A, CTLA4, DCLRE1C, DNMT3B, DOCK2, DOCK8, EPG5, ERCC6L2, EXTL3, FCHO1, FOXN1, GINS1, HELLS, ICOS, ICOSLG, IKBKB, IKBKG, IKZF1, IL21, IL21R, IL2RA, IL2RB, IL2RG, IL7R, ITK, ITPKB, JAK3, KDM6A, KMT2A, KMT2D, LAT, LCK, LCP2, LIG1, LIG4, LRBA, MAGT1, MALT1, MAP3K14, MCM10, MSN, MTHFD1, MYSM1, NBN, NFKBIA, NHEJ1, NSMCE3, ORAI1, PAX1, PGM3, PNP, POLD1, POLE, POLE2, PRKDC, PSMB9, PTPRC, RAC2, RAG1, RAG2, RASGRP1, RBCK1, REL, RELA, RELB, RFX5, RFXANK, RFXAP, RHOH, RMRP (NME1), RNF168, RNF31, RNU4ATAC, SEC61A1, SEMA3E, SH2D1A, SKIV2L (SKIC2), SMARCAL1, SP110, STAT3, STAT5B, STIM1, STK4, TAP1, TAP2, TAPBP, TAZ (TAFAZZIN), TBX1, TFRC, TNFRSF4, TRAC, TTC37 (SKIC3), TTC7A, WAS, WIPF1, ZAP70, and ZBTB24*. See [Targeted Genes and Methodology Details for Combined Humoral and Cell-Mediated Immunodeficiency Gene Panel](#) and Method Description for additional details.

Identification of a disease-causing variant may assist with diagnosis, prognosis, clinical management, recurrence risk assessment, familial screening, and genetic counseling for hereditary combined immunodeficiency.

Testing Algorithm

Skin biopsy:

For skin biopsy or cultured fibroblast specimens, fibroblast culture will be performed at an additional charge. If viable cells are not obtained, the client will be notified.

Cord blood:

For cord blood specimens that have an accompanying maternal blood specimen, maternal cell contamination studies will be performed at an additional charge.

Special Instructions

- [Informed Consent for Genetic Testing](#)
- [Blood Spot Collection Card-Spanish Instructions](#)
- [Blood Spot Collection Card-Chinese Instructions](#)
- [Informed Consent for Genetic Testing \(Spanish\)](#)
- [Blood Spot Collection Instructions](#)
- [Combined Immunodeficiency, Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, and B-Cell/Antibody Deficiency Patient Information](#)
- [Targeted Genes and Methodology Details for Combined Humoral and Cell-Mediated Immunodeficiency Gene Panel](#)

Method Name

Sequence Capture and Amplicon-Based Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS), followed by Polymerase Chain Reaction (PCR)/Quantitative Real-Time Polymerase Chain Reaction (qPCR) and Sanger Sequencing as needed

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Varies

Ordering Guidance

Patients who have had a previous bone marrow transplant from an allogenic donor should not have testing performed on blood, bone marrow, or saliva because any results generated will reflect the genome of the donor rather than the recipient. Testing on patients who have an active hematologic malignancy or hematologic disorder with clonal proliferation may identify both somatic mutations and germline variants, which may result in test failure or necessitate follow-up testing to determine whether the detected variant is germline or somatic. For these patients, testing a skin biopsy or cultured fibroblasts is recommended. For instructions for testing patients who have received a bone marrow transplant or have an active hematologic disorder, call 800-533-1710. For more information see Cautions.

Customization of this panel and single gene analysis for any gene present on this panel are available. For more information see CGPH / Custom Gene Panel, Hereditary, Next-Generation Sequencing, Varies. To modify this panel via

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CGPH, use the Inborn Errors of Immunity/Bone Marrow Failure/Telomeropathy/Pulmonary Fibrosis/Very Early Onset IBD/Pancreatitis disease state for step 1 on the [Custom Gene Ordering Tool](#).

Targeted testing for familial variants (also called site-specific or known variants testing) is available for the genes on this panel. See FMTT / Familial Variant, Targeted Testing, Varies. To obtain more information about this testing option, call 800-533-1710.

## Additional Testing Requirements

**For cord blood specimens:** Maternal cell contamination (MCC) studies are available. Order MATCC / Maternal Cell Contamination, Molecular Analysis, Varies **on both the cord blood and maternal specimens under separate order numbers**. Cord blood testing will proceed without MCC studies, but results may be compromised if MCC is present.

## Specimen Required

**Patient Preparation:** A previous hematopoietic stem cell transplant from an allogenic donor will interfere with testing. For information about testing patients who have received a hematopoietic stem cell transplant, call 800-533-1710.

**Submit only 1 of the following specimens:**

**Specimen Type:** Whole blood

**Container/Tube:**

**Preferred:** Lavender top (EDTA) or yellow top (ACD)

**Acceptable:** Green top (sodium heparin)

**Specimen Volume:** 3 mL

**Collection Instructions:**

1. Invert several times to mix blood.
2. Send whole blood specimen in original tube. **Do not aliquot.**

**Specimen Stability Information:** Ambient 4 days/Refrigerated 4 days/Frozen 4 days

**Additional Information:**

1. Specimens are preferred to be received within 4 days of collection. Extraction will be attempted for specimens received after 4 days, and DNA yield will be evaluated to determine if testing may proceed.
2. To ensure minimum volume and concentration of DNA is met, the requested volume must be submitted. Testing may be canceled if DNA requirements are inadequate.

**Specimen Type:** Skin biopsy

**Supplies:** Fibroblast Biopsy Transport Media (T115)

**Container/Tube:** Sterile container with any standard cell culture media (eg, minimal essential media, RPMI 1640). The solution should be supplemented with 1% penicillin and streptomycin.

**Specimen Volume:** 4-mm Punch

**Specimen Stability Information:** Ambient (preferred) <24 hours/Refrigerated <24 hours

**Additional Information:**

1. Specimens are preferred to be received within 24 hours of collection. Culture and extraction will be attempted for specimens received after 24 hours and will be evaluated to determine if testing may proceed.
2. A separate culture charge will be assessed under CULFB / Fibroblast Culture for Biochemical and Molecular Testing, Tissue. An additional 3 to 4 weeks are required to culture fibroblasts before genetic testing can occur.

**Specimen Type:** Cultured fibroblasts

**Source:** Skin

**Container/Tube:** T-25 flask

**Specimen Volume:** 2 Flasks

**Collection Instructions:** Submit confluent cultured fibroblast cells from a skin biopsy from another laboratory. Cultured cells from a prenatal specimen will not be accepted.

**Specimen Stability Information:** Ambient (preferred) <24 hours/Refrigerated <24 hours

**Additional Information:**

1. Specimens are preferred to be received within 24 hours of collection. Culture and extraction will be attempted for specimens received after 24 hours and will be evaluated to determine if testing may proceed.
2. A separate culture charge will be assessed under CULFB / Fibroblast Culture for Biochemical and Molecular Testing, Tissue. An additional 3 to 4 weeks are required to culture fibroblasts before genetic testing can occur.

**Specimen Type:** Extracted DNA

**Container/Tube:**

**Preferred:** Screw Cap Micro Tube, 2 mL with skirted conical base

**Acceptable:** Matrix tube, 1 mL

**Collection Instructions:**

1. The preferred volume is at least 100 mL at a concentration of 75 ng/mL.
2. Include concentration and volume on tube.

**Specimen Stability Information:** Frozen (preferred) 1 year/Ambient/Refrigerated

**Additional Information:** DNA must be extracted in a CLIA-certified laboratory, or equivalent, and must be extracted from a specimen type listed as acceptable for this test (including applicable anticoagulants). Our laboratory has experience with Chemagic, Puregene, Autopure, MagnaPure, and EZ1 extraction platforms and cannot guarantee that all extraction methods are compatible with this test. If testing fails, one repeat will be attempted, and if unsuccessful, the test will be reported as failed and a charge will be applied. If applicable, specific gene regions that were unable to be interrogated due to DNA quality will be noted in the report.

**Specimen Type:** Bone marrow aspirate

**Container/Tube:**

**Preferred:** Lavender top (EDTA)

**Acceptable:** Yellow top (ACD)

**Specimen Volume:** 2 mL

**Collection Instructions:**

1. Invert several times to mix bone marrow.
2. Send bone marrow specimen in original tube. **Do not aliquot.**
3. Label specimen as bone marrow.

**Specimen Stability:** Ambient (preferred) 4 days/Refrigerate 4 days/Frozen 4 days

**Additional Information:**

1. Specimens are preferred to be received within 4 days of collection. Extraction will be attempted for specimens received after 4 days, and DNA yield will be evaluated to determine if testing may proceed.
2. To ensure minimum volume and concentration of DNA is met, the requested volume must be submitted. Testing may be canceled if DNA requirements are inadequate.

**Specimen Type:** Cord blood

**Container/Tube:**

**Preferred:** Lavender top (EDTA) or yellow top (ACD)

**Acceptable:** Green top (sodium heparin)

**Specimen Volume:** 3 mL

**Collection Instructions:**

1. Invert several times to mix blood.
2. Send cord blood specimen in original tube. **Do not aliquot.**

**Specimen Stability Information:** Ambient (preferred) 4 days/Refrigerated 4 days/Frozen 4 days

**Additional Information:**

1. Specimens are preferred to be received within 4 days of collection. Extraction will be attempted for specimens received after 4 days, and DNA yield will be evaluated to determine if testing may proceed.
2. To ensure minimum volume and concentration of DNA is met, the requested volume must be submitted. Testing may be canceled if DNA requirements are inadequate.
3. While a properly collected cord blood sample may not be at risk for maternal cell contamination, unanticipated complications may occur during collection. Therefore, maternal cell contamination studies are recommended to ensure the test results reflect that of the patient tested and are available at an additional charge. Order MATCC / Maternal Cell Contamination, Molecular Analysis, Varies on the maternal specimen

**Specimen Type:** Blood spot

**Supplies:** Card-Blood Spot Collection (Filter Paper) (T493)

**Container/Tube:**

**Preferred:** Collection card (Whatman Protein Saver 903 Paper)

**Acceptable:** PerkinElmer 226 filter paper or blood spot collection card

**Specimen Volume:** 2 to 5 Blood spots

**Collection Instructions:**

1. An alternative blood collection option for a patient older than 1 year is a fingerstick. For detailed instructions, see [How to Collect a Dried Blood Spot Sample](#).
2. Let blood dry on the filter paper at ambient temperature in a horizontal position for a minimum of 3 hours.
3. Do not expose specimen to heat or direct sunlight.
4. Do not stack wet specimens.
5. Keep specimen dry.

**Specimen Stability Information:** Ambient (preferred)/Refrigerated

**Additional Information:**

1. Blood spot specimens are acceptable but not recommended. Multiple extractions will be required to obtain sufficient yield for supplemental analysis, and there is significant risk for test failure due to insufficient DNA.
2. Due to lower concentration of DNA yielded from blood spot, it is possible that additional specimen may be required to complete testing.
3. For collection instructions, see [Blood Spot Collection Instructions](#).
4. For collection instructions in Spanish, see [Blood Spot Collection Card-Spanish Instructions](#) (T777)
5. For collection instructions in Chinese, see [Blood Spot Collection Card-Chinese Instructions](#) (T800)

**Specimen Type:** Saliva

# Test Definition: COMID

Combined Humoral and Cell-Mediated  
Immunodeficiency Gene Panel, Varies

**Patient Preparation:** Patient should not eat, drink, smoke, or chew gum 30 minutes prior to collection.

**Supplies:** Saliva Swab Collection Kit (T786)

**Specimen Volume:** 2 Swabs, use 2 kits for collection

**Collection Instructions:** Collect and send specimen per kit instructions.

**Specimen Stability Information:** Ambient (preferred) 30 days, Refrigerated 30 days

**Additional Information:** Saliva specimens are acceptable but not recommended. Due to lower quantity/quality of DNA yielded from saliva, some aspects of the test may not perform as well as DNA extracted from a whole blood sample. When applicable, specific gene regions that were unable to be interrogated will be noted in the report. Alternatively, additional specimen may be required to complete testing.

## Forms

1. **New York Clients-Informed consent is required.**  
Document on the request form or electronic order that a copy is on file. The following documents are available:  
[-Informed Consent for Genetic Testing](#) (T576)  
[-Informed Consent for Genetic Testing \(Spanish\)](#) (T826)
2. [Combined Immunodeficiency, Severe Combined Immunodeficiency, and B-Cell/Antibody Deficiency Patient Information](#)

**Specimen Minimum Volume**  
See Specimen Required

**Reject Due To**  
All specimens will be evaluated at Mayo Clinic Laboratories for test suitability.

## Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Varies	Varies		

## Clinical & Interpretive

### Clinical Information

Combined immunodeficiencies (CIDs) comprise a group of disorders where the deficiency includes both the cellular and humoral component of the adaptive immune response, namely the T and B lymphocytes. As T lymphocyte function is required for most B lymphocyte functions, T-lymphocyte intrinsic genetic defects can lead to a CID. CIDs can be further grouped based on severity and based on presence or absence of syndromic features.

Severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID) is the most severe form of CID, where the T-cell deficiency is essentially complete. SCID requires immediate action as it is lethal if left untreated. SCID is now part of the recommended uniform newborn screening panel in the United States. SCID results from defects in the differentiation of hematopoietic stem cells into mature T lymphocytes, with additional lymphoid lineages affected in some forms. The defining feature of SCID is the absence of T cells, and it can be further divided into groups based on the presence or absence of the additional lymphoid (B cell and natural killer [NK] cell) lineages (eg, T-B+, T-B-, T- B- NK-, T-B-NK+). IL2RG deficiency causes X-linked SCID and leads to T-B+NK- SCID. Complete RAG1 and RAG2 deficiencies lead to T-B-NK+ SCID. Reticular dysgenesis (AK2

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defect) presents with neutropenia together with lack of lymphocytes (T-B-NK-).

When the T-lymphocyte differentiation defect is less profound but still life threatening, the terminology of leaky/atypical SCID is often used. These are either due to hypomorphic disease-causing variants in the same genes responsible for typical SCID ("leaky SCID") or due to unidentified defects ("atypical SCID"). Omenn syndrome is a form of leaky SCID characterized by expanded oligoclonal memory T cells that infiltrate the skin and other tissues and produce a generalized erythematous rash. Defects in *RAG1*, *RAG2*, *ADA*, and *RMRP* genes are the most common cause of leaky SCID.

Less severe CIDs include many gene defects affecting T- and B-lymphocyte development or function. These defects are highly variable and extend from severe defects in cell counts to normal T- and B-lymphocyte counts but abnormal function. Major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I deficiency (caused by *TAP1*, *TAP2*, *TAPBP*, *B2M* gene defects) lead low CD8 T-cell counts, whereas MHC class II defects (caused by *CIITA*, *RFXANK*, *RFX5*, *RFXAP* gene defects) lead to low CD4 T-cell counts. MALT1 deficiency presents with normal T- and B-cell counts but still leads to bacterial, fungal and viral infections. Similarly, calcium channel defects (*ORAI1*, *STIM1*, *CRACR2A*) lead to decreased T-cell activity with largely normal T-cell counts.

Ataxia-telangiectasia (*ATM* gene) presents with a progressive decrease in T-lymphocyte counts, poor proliferation to mitogens, normal B-cell counts, but often low IgA and IgE, in addition to ataxia, telangiectasia of sclerae, infections, and malignancies. Nijmegen breakage syndrome (due to variants in the *NBS1* gene, also known as *NBN*) also shows a progressive decrease in T-lymphocyte counts with a decrease in B lymphocytes and immunoglobulins, as well as increased radiosensitivity and chromosomal instability, microcephaly, dysmorphic facies and malignancies. Hyper-IgE syndromes (eg, dominant negative *STAT3* defects or autosomal recessive *IL6ST* defect) can lead to normal T-cell counts, decrease in Th17 T cells, normal total B-cell counts with a decrease in switched memory B cells, and high IgE levels. Anhidrotic ectodermal dysplasia with immunodeficiency (*EDAID1*) can be caused by defects in *IKBKG* and *NFKBIA*. The T- and B-cell counts can be normal or low, but their function is decreased leading to decreased T-cell receptor (TCR) activation and decreased immunoglobulin production. Associated features include variable defects of skin, hair, and teeth.

Defects in thymus development can present essentially the same as SCID or CID, as T-cell maturation takes place in the thymus. However, thymic defects must be differentiated from SCID as the treatments are different. Hematopoietic stem cell (bone marrow) transplantation can correct SCID but not thymic stromal differentiation defects. Thymic transplant can correct developmental defects in the thymus but not in the hematopoietic stem cells. Biallelic *FOXP1* deficiency leads to abnormal thymic epithelium, significantly decreased T-cell counts with congenital alopecia, and nail dystrophy. Heterozygous *FOXP1* haploinsufficiency can also present with severe T-cell deficiency at birth but that mostly normalizes by adulthood. DiGeorge syndrome or velocardio-facial syndrome is caused by 22q11.2 deletions. 22q11.2 deletion syndrome may present from normal to significantly decreased T-cell counts in addition to hypoparathyroidism, cardiac malformations, abnormal facies, and intellectual disability. Autosomal dominant *TBX1* deficiency is thought to be the cause of the main features in 22q11.2 deletion syndrome. CHARGE (coloboma of eye; heart anomaly; choanal atresia; restricted growth and development, genital and ear anomalies, intellectual disability; central nervous system malformation) syndrome can also present SCID-like with T-cell deficiency (autosomal dominant *CHD7* and *SENA3E* defects).

## Reference Values

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An interpretive report will be provided.

**Interpretation**

All detected variants are evaluated according to American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics recommendations.(1) Variants are classified based on known, predicted, or possible pathogenicity and reported with interpretive comments detailing their potential or known significance

**Cautions**

Clinical Correlations:

Test results should be interpreted in the context of clinical findings, family history, and other laboratory data. Misinterpretation of results may occur if the information provided is inaccurate or incomplete.

If testing was performed because of a clinically significant family history, it is often useful to first test an affected family member. Detection of a reportable variant in an affected family member would allow for more informative testing of at-risk individuals.

To discuss the availability of additional testing options or for assistance in the interpretation of these results, contact Mayo Clinic Laboratories genetic counselors at 800-533-1710.

Technical Limitations:

Next-generation sequencing may not detect all types of genomic variants. In rare cases, false-negative or false-positive results may occur. The depth of coverage may be variable for some target regions; assay performance below the minimum acceptable criteria or for failed regions will be noted. Given these limitations, negative results do not rule out the diagnosis of a genetic disorder. If a specific clinical disorder is suspected, evaluation by alternative methods can be considered.

There may be regions of genes that cannot be effectively evaluated by sequencing or deletion and duplication analysis as a result of technical limitations of the assay, including regions of homology, high guanine-cytosine (GC) content, and repetitive sequences. Confirmation of select reportable variants will be performed by alternate methodologies based on internal laboratory criteria.

This test is validated to detect 95% of deletions up to 75 base pairs (bp) and insertions up to 47 bp. Deletions-insertions (delins) of 40 or more bp, including mobile element insertions, may be less reliably detected than smaller delins.

Deletion/Duplication Analysis:

This analysis targets single and multi-exon deletions/duplications; however, in some instances single exon resolution cannot be achieved due to isolated reduction in sequence coverage or inherent genomic complexity. Balanced structural rearrangements (such as translocations and inversions) may not be detected.

This test is not designed to detect low levels of mosaicism or to differentiate between somatic mutations and germline variants. If there is a possibility that any detected variant is somatic, additional testing may be necessary to clarify the significance of results.

Genes may be added or removed based on updated clinical relevance. For the most up to date list of genes included in



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this test and for detailed information regarding gene-specific performance and technical limitations, see Method Description or contact a laboratory genetic counselor.

If the patient has had an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant or a recent non-leukocyte reduced blood transfusion, results of tests performed on blood, bone marrow, or saliva specimens may be clinically inaccurate due to the presence of donor DNA. Test orders for blood, bone marrow, or saliva will be canceled by the laboratory if there is a history of an allogeneic hematopoietic stem cell transplant. Similarly, blood, bone marrow, and saliva results may be impacted by presence of active hematologic malignancy or hematologic disorder with clonal proliferation. Call Mayo Clinic Laboratories for instructions for testing a skin biopsy or fibroblast culture for patients who have received a bone marrow transplant or have an active hematologic disorder.

**Reclassification of Variants:**

Currently, it is not standard practice for the laboratory to systematically review previously classified variants on a regular basis. The laboratory encourages healthcare professionals to contact the laboratory at any time to learn how the classification of a particular variant may have changed over time. Due to broadening genetic knowledge, it is possible that the laboratory may discover new information of relevance to the patient. Should that occur, the laboratory may issue an amended report.

**Variant Evaluation:**

Evaluation and categorization of variants are performed using published American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics and the Association for Molecular Pathology recommendations as a guideline.<sup>(1)</sup> Other gene-specific guidelines may also be considered. Variants are classified based on known, predicted, or possible pathogenicity and reported with interpretive comments detailing their potential or known significance. Variants classified as benign or likely benign are not reported.

Multiple in silico evaluation tools may be used to assist in the interpretation of these results. The accuracy of predictions made by in silico evaluation tools is highly dependent upon the data available for a given gene, and periodic updates to these tools may cause predictions to change over time. Results from in silico evaluation tools should be interpreted with caution and professional clinical judgment.

Rarely, incidental or secondary findings may implicate another predisposition or presence of active disease. These findings will be carefully reviewed to determine whether they will be reported.

**Clinical Reference**

1. Richards S, Aziz N, Bale S, et al: Standards and guidelines for the interpretation of sequence variants: a joint consensus recommendation of the American College of Medical Genetics and Genomics and the Association for Molecular Pathology. *Genet Med*. 2015;17(5):405-424
2. Tangye SG, Al-Herz W, Bousfiha A, et al. Human Inborn Errors of Immunity: 2022 Update on the Classification from the International Union of Immunological Societies Expert Committee. *J Clin Immunol*. 2022;42(7):1473-1507. doi:10.1007/s10875-022-01289-3
3. Bousfiha A, Moundir A, Tangye SG, et al. The 2022 Update of IUIS Phenotypical Classification for Human Inborn Errors of Immunity. *J Clin Immunol*. 2022;42(7):1508-1520. doi:10.1007/s10875-022-01352-z
4. Bosticardo M, Yamazaki Y, Cowan J, et al. Heterozygous FOXP1 variants cause low TRECs and severe T cell lymphopenia, revealing a crucial role of FOXP1 in supporting early thymopoiesis. *Am J Hum Genet*. 2019;105(3):549-561.

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5. Dvorak CC, Haddad E, Heimall J, et al. The diagnosis of severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID): The Primary Immune Deficiency Treatment Consortium (PIDTC) 2022 Definitions. *J Allergy Clin Immunol*. 2023;151(2):539-546.

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6. Yagi H, Furutani Y, Hamada H, et al. Role of TBX1 in human del22q11.2 syndrome. *Lancet*. 2003;362(9393):1366-1373.

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## Performance

### Method Description

Next-generation sequencing (NGS) and/or Sanger sequencing is performed to test for the presence of variants in coding regions and intron/exon boundaries of the genes analyzed, as well as some other regions that have known disease-causing variants. The human genome reference GRCh37/hg19 build was used for sequence read alignment. At least 99% of the bases are covered at a read depth over 30X. Sensitivity is estimated at above 99% for single nucleotide variants, above 94% for deletions/insertions (delins) less than 40 base pairs (bp), above 95% for deletions up to 75 bp and insertions up to 47 bp. NGS and/or a polymerase chain reaction (PCR)-based quantitative method is performed to test for the presence of deletions and duplications in the genes analyzed. A supplemental PCR-based method is used to detect a large deletion in *IKBKG*.

There may be regions of genes that cannot be effectively evaluated by sequencing or deletion and duplication analysis as a result of technical limitations of the assay, including regions of homology, high guanine-cytosine (GC) content, and repetitive sequences. See [Targeted Genes and Methodology Details for Combined Humoral and Cell-Mediated Immunodeficiency Gene Panel](#) for details regarding the targeted genes analyzed for each test and specific gene regions not routinely covered.(Unpublished Mayo method)

Genes analyzed: *ADA*, *AK2*, *ARPC1B*, *ATM*, *BCL10*, *BCL11B*, *BLM*, *CARD11*, *CD247*, *CD28*, *CD3D*, *CD3E*, *CD3G*, *CD40*, *CD40LG*, *CD70*, *CD8A*, *CDCA7*, *CHD7*, *CIITA*, *CORO1A*, *CTLA4*, *DCLRE1C*, *DNMT3B*, *DOCK2*, *DOCK8*, *EPG5*, *ERCC6L2*, *EXTL3*, *FCHO1*, *FOXP1*, *FOXP3*, *FOXP3L*, *FOXP3L2*, *FOXP3L3*, *FOXP3L4*, *FOXP3L5*, *FOXP3L6*, *FOXP3L7*, *FOXP3L8*, *FOXP3L9*, *FOXP3L10*, *FOXP3L11*, *FOXP3L12*, *FOXP3L13*, *FOXP3L14*, *FOXP3L15*, *FOXP3L16*, *FOXP3L17*, *FOXP3L18*, *FOXP3L19*, *FOXP3L20*, *FOXP3L21*, *FOXP3L22*, *FOXP3L23*, *FOXP3L24*, *FOXP3L25*, *FOXP3L26*, *FOXP3L27*, *FOXP3L28*, *FOXP3L29*, *FOXP3L30*, *FOXP3L31*, *FOXP3L32*, *FOXP3L33*, *FOXP3L34*, *FOXP3L35*, *FOXP3L36*, *FOXP3L37*, *FOXP3L38*, *FOXP3L39*, *FOXP3L40*, *FOXP3L41*, *FOXP3L42*, *FOXP3L43*, *FOXP3L44*, *FOXP3L45*, *FOXP3L46*, *FOXP3L47*, *FOXP3L48*, *FOXP3L49*, *FOXP3L50*, *FOXP3L51*, *FOXP3L52*, *FOXP3L53*, *FOXP3L54*, *FOXP3L55*, *FOXP3L56*, *FOXP3L57*, *FOXP3L58*, *FOXP3L59*, *FOXP3L60*, *FOXP3L61*, *FOXP3L62*, *FOXP3L63*, *FOXP3L64*, *FOXP3L65*, *FOXP3L66*, *FOXP3L67*, *FOXP3L68*, *FOXP3L69*, *FOXP3L70*, *FOXP3L71*, *FOXP3L72*, *FOXP3L73*, *FOXP3L74*, *FOXP3L75*, *FOXP3L76*, *FOXP3L77*, *FOXP3L78*, *FOXP3L79*, *FOXP3L80*, *FOXP3L81*, *FOXP3L82*, *FOXP3L83*, *FOXP3L84*, *FOXP3L85*, *FOXP3L86*, *FOXP3L87*, *FOXP3L88*, *FOXP3L89*, *FOXP3L90*, *FOXP3L91*, *FOXP3L92*, *FOXP3L93*, *FOXP3L94*, *FOXP3L95*, *FOXP3L96*, *FOXP3L97*, *FOXP3L98*, *FOXP3L99*, *FOXP3L100*, *FOXP3L101*, *FOXP3L102*, *FOXP3L103*, *FOXP3L104*, *FOXP3L105*, *FOXP3L106*, *FOXP3L107*, *FOXP3L108*, *FOXP3L109*, *FOXP3L110*, *FOXP3L111*, *FOXP3L112*, *FOXP3L113*, *FOXP3L114*, *FOXP3L115*, *FOXP3L116*, *FOXP3L117*, *FOXP3L118*, *FOXP3L119*, *FOXP3L120*, *FOXP3L121*, *FOXP3L122*, *FOXP3L123*, *FOXP3L124*, *FOXP3L125*, *FOXP3L126*, *FOXP3L127*, *FOXP3L128*, *FOXP3L129*, *FOXP3L130*, *FOXP3L131*, *FOXP3L132*, *FOXP3L133*, *FOXP3L134*, *FOXP3L135*, *FOXP3L136*, *FOXP3L137*, *FOXP3L138*, *FOXP3L139*, 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28 to 42 days

Specimen Retention Time

Whole blood: 28 days (if available); Saliva: 30 days (if available); Extracted DNA: 3 months; Blood spots: 1 year (if available)

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

81443

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
COMID	Combined Immunodeficiency GenePanel	In Process

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
621534	Test Description	62364-5
621535	Specimen	31208-2
621536	Source	31208-2
621537	Result Summary	50397-9
621538	Result	82939-0
621539	Interpretation	69047-9
621540	Additional Results	82939-0
621541	Resources	99622-3
621542	Additional Information	48767-8
621543	Method	85069-3
621544	Genes Analyzed	82939-0
621545	Disclaimer	62364-5

Test Definition: COMID

Combined Humoral and Cell-Mediated  
Immunodeficiency Gene Panel, Varies

621546	Released By	18771-6
MG148	Is this Bone Marrow	31208-2