

Overview

Useful For

Identifying specific mutations within the *MYOD1* gene to assist in tumor diagnosis/classification

Assisting in the clinical management of patients with spindle cell and sclerosing rhabdomyosarcoma

Genetics Test Information

This test uses targeted next-generation sequencing to evaluate for somatic mutations within the *MYOD1* gene. See [Targeted Genes and Methodology Details for MYOD1 Mutation Analysis](#) for details regarding the targeted gene regions evaluated by this test.

This test is performed to evaluate for somatic mutations within solid tumor samples. This test **does not assess** for germline alterations within the *MYOD1* gene.

Additional Tests

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
SLIRV	Slide Review in MG	No, (Bill Only)	Yes

Testing Algorithm

When this test is ordered, slide review will always be performed at an additional charge.

Special Instructions

- [Tissue Requirements for Solid Tumor Next-Generation Sequencing](#)
- [Targeted Genes and Methodology Details for MYOD1 Mutation Analysis](#)

Highlights

This test evaluates formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tumor or cytology slides from patients with solid tumors for specific gene mutations in the *MYOD1* gene. Identifying a *MYOD1* gene mutation may be of diagnostic and clinical management significance for spindle cell/sclerosing rhabdomyosarcoma.

Method Name

Sequence Capture Next-Generation Sequencing (NGS)

NY State Available

Yes

Specimen

Specimen Type

Varies

Ordering Guidance

Multiple oncology (cancer) gene panels are available. For more information see [Hematology, Oncology, and Hereditary Test Selection Guide](#).

Necessary Information

A pathology report (final or preliminary), at minimum containing the following information, **must accompany specimen for testing to be performed**:

1. Patient name
2. Block number-must be on all blocks, slides, and paperwork (can be handwritten on the paperwork)
3. Tissue collection date
4. Source of the tissue

Specimen Required

This assay requires at least 20% tumor nuclei.

- Preferred amount of tumor area with sufficient percent tumor nuclei: tissue 216 mm²
- Minimum amount of tumor area: tissue 36 mm²
- These amounts are cumulative over up to 10 unstained slides and must have adequate percent tumor nuclei.
- Tissue fixation: 10% neutral buffered formalin, not decalcified
- For specimen preparation guidance, see [Tissue Requirement for Solid Tumor Next-Generation Sequencing](#). In this document, the sizes are given as 4 mm x 4 mm x 10 slides as preferred: approximate/equivalent to 144 mm² and the minimum as 3 mm x 1 mm x 10 slides: approximate/equivalent to 36 mm².

Preferred:

Specimen Type: Tissue block

Collection Instructions: Submit a formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue block with acceptable amount of tumor tissue.

Acceptable:

Specimen Type: Tissue slide

Slides: 1 Stained and 10 unstained

Collection Instructions: Submit 1 slide stained with hematoxylin and eosin and 10 unstained, nonbaked slides with 5-micron thick sections of the tumor tissue.

Note: The total amount of required tumor nuclei can be obtained by scraping up to 10 slides from the same block.

Additional Information: Unused unstained slides will not be returned.

Specimen Type: Cytology slide (direct smears or ThinPrep)

Slides: 1 to 3 Slides

Collection Instructions: Submit 1 to 3 slides stained and coverslipped with a preferred total of 5000 nucleated cells, or a minimum of at least 3000 nucleated cells.

Note: Glass coverslips are preferred; plastic coverslips are acceptable but will result in longer turnaround times.

Additional Information: Cytology slides will not be returned.

Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send an [Oncology Test Request](#) (T729) with the specimen.

Specimen Minimum Volume

See Specimen Required

Reject Due To

Specimens that have been decalcified (all methods) Specimens that have not been formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded, except for cytology slides Extracted nucleic acid (DNA/RNA)	Reject
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Specimen Stability Information

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Varies	Ambient (preferred)		
	Refrigerated		

Clinical & Interpretive

Clinical Information

The *MYOD1* gene, an oncogene, encodes Myoblast determination protein 1, MyoD1, a transcription factor involved in the control of muscle cell differentiation. MYOD1-mutant spindle cell/sclerosing rhabdomyosarcoma is a distinct entity in the 2020 World Health Organization classification of soft tissue and bone tumors.(1) *MYOD1* L122R is a missense alteration located in the basic helix–loop–helix DNA-binding domain of the MyoD1 protein and is a recurrent alteration in spindle cell/sclerosing rhabdomyosarcoma. *MYOD1* L122R mutation has been associated with poor prognosis in rhabdomyosarcoma.

Reference Values

An interpretive report will be provided.

Interpretation

The interpretation of molecular biomarker analysis includes an overview of the results and the associated diagnostic, prognostic, and therapeutic implications.

Cautions

This test cannot differentiate between somatic and germline alterations. Additional testing may be necessary to clarify the significance of results if there is a potential hereditary risk.

DNA variants of uncertain significance may be identified.

A negative result does not rule out the presence of a variant that may be present below the limits of detection of this assay. In a specimen with 20% or more tumor content, the analytical sensitivity of this assay for sequence reportable alterations is 5% mutant allele frequency with a minimum coverage of 500X.

Point mutations and small deletion-insertion mutations will be detected in the *MYOD1* gene only. This test may detect single exon deletions but does not detect multi-exon deletions, duplications, or genomic copy number variants.

Variant allele frequency (VAF) is the percentage of sequencing reads supporting a specific variant divided by the total sequencing reads at that position. In somatic testing, VAF should be interpreted in the context of several factors, including, but not limited to, tumor purity/heterogeneity/copy number status (ploidy, gains/losses, loss of heterozygosity) and sequencing artifact/misalignment.(2,3)

Rare alterations (ie, polymorphisms) may be present that could lead to false-negative or false-positive results.

Test results should be interpreted in the context of clinical, tumor sampling, histopathological, and other laboratory data. If results obtained do not match other clinical or laboratory findings, contact the laboratory for discussion. Misinterpretation of results may occur if the information provided is inaccurate or incomplete.

Reliable results are dependent on adequate specimen collection and processing. This test has been validated on cytology slides and formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissues; other types of fixatives are discouraged. Improper treatment of tissues, such as decalcification, may cause polymerase chain reaction failure.

Supportive Data

Performance Characteristics

The limit of detection for calling a somatic variant (single nucleotide variants [SNV] and deletions/insertions [delins, formerly indel]) is 5% variant allele frequency and having at least 500x deduplicated coverage.

Verification studies demonstrated concordance between this test and the reference method for detection of SNV and delins is 98.5% (673/683) and 98.4% (122/124) of variants, respectively. Concordance for the detection of delins was 99.0% (100/101) in variants 1 to 10 base pair (bp) in size, 93.3% (14/15) in variants 11 to 50 bp in size, and 100% (8/8) in variants over 50 bp in size.

To ensure accuracy, this test will be performed on cases that are estimated by a pathologist to have at least 20% tumor cells.

Clinical Reference

1. Anderson WJ, Doyle LA: Updates from the 2020 World Health Organization Classification of soft tissue and bone tumours. *Histopathology*. 2021 Apr;78(5):644-657
2. Strom SP. Current practices and guidelines for clinical next-generation sequencing oncology testing. *Cancer Biol Med*. 2016;13(1):3-11. doi:10.28092/j.issn.2095-3941.2016.0004
3. Spurr L, Li M, Alomran N, et al. Systematic pan-cancer analysis of somatic allele frequency. *Sci Rep*. 2018;8(1):7735. doi:10.1038/s41598-018-25462-0
4. Berkes CA, Tapscott SJ: MyoD and the transcriptional control of myogenesis. *Semin Cell Dev Biol*. 2005 Aug-Oct;16(4-5):585-595
5. Kohsaka S, Shukla N, Ameer N: A recurrent neomorphic mutation in MYOD1 defines a clinically aggressive subset of embryonal rhabdomyosarcoma associated with PI3K-AKT pathway mutations. *Nat Genet*. 2014 Jun;46(6):595-600
6. Rekhi B, Upadhyay P, Ramteke MP, Dutt A: MYOD1 (L122R) mutations are associated with spindle cell and sclerosing rhabdomyosarcomas with aggressive clinical outcomes. *Mod Pathol*. 2016 Dec;29(12):1532-1540
7. Agaram NP, LaQuaglia MP, Alaggio R: MYOD1-mutant spindle cell and sclerosing rhabdomyosarcoma: an aggressive subtype irrespective of age. A reappraisal for molecular classification and risk stratification. *Mod Pathol*. 2019 Jan;32(1):27-36
8. Shern JF, Selfe J, Izquierdo E: Genomic classification and clinical outcome in rhabdomyosarcoma: a report from an international consortium. *J Clin Oncol*. 2021 Sep 10;39(26):2859-2871

Performance**Method Description**

Next-generation sequencing is performed to evaluate the presence of a mutation in all coding regions of the *MYOD1* gene. See Targeted Gene Regions Interrogated for MYOD1 Mutation Analysis for details regarding the targeted gene regions identified by this test.(Unpublished Mayo method)

A pathology review and macro dissection to enrich for tumor cells is performed prior to slide scraping.

PDF Report

No

Day(s) Performed

Monday through Friday

Report Available

12 to 20 days

Specimen Retention Time

FFPE tissue block: Unused portions of blocks will be returned 10 to 14 days after testing is complete; FFPE tissue/cytology slides: Unused slides are stored indefinitely; Digital images are obtained and stored for all slides used in testing.

Performing Laboratory Location

Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

Fees & Codes

Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to [Test Prices](#) for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact [Customer Service](#) 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact [Customer Service](#).

Test Classification

This test was developed and its performance characteristics determined by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements. It has not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration.

CPT Code Information

88381-Microdissection, manual
81479

LOINC® Information

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC® Value
MYODT	MYOD1 Mutation Analysis, Tumor	105595-3

Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC® Value
619686	Result	82939-0
619687	Interpretation	69047-9
619688	Additional Information	48767-8
619689	Specimen	31208-2
619690	Tissue ID	80398-1
619691	Method	48767-8
619692	Disclaimer	62364-5
619693	Released By	18771-6