

Tubular Reabsorption of Phosphorus, Random Urine and Serum

### Overview

#### **Useful For**

Assessing renal reabsorption of phosphorus in a variety of pathological conditions associated with hypophosphatemia including hypophosphatemic rickets, tumor-induced osteomalacia, and tumoral calcinosis

Adjusting phosphate replacement therapy in severe deficiency states monitoring the renal tubular recovery from acquired Fanconi syndrome

#### Profile Information

Test Id	Reporting Name	Available Separately	Always Performed
RTRP	Tubular Phosp	No	Yes
	Reabsorption, Random		
CRETR	Creatinine, Random, U	No	Yes
PHOS	Phosphorus (Inorganic), S	Yes	Yes
ACREA	Creatinine, S	Yes, (Order CRTS1)	Yes

#### Method Name

RTRP: Calculation CRETR, ACREA: Enzymatic Colorimetric Assay PHOS: Photometric, Ammonium Molybdate

#### NY State Available

Yes

#### Specimen

Specimen Type Serum Urine

Specimen Required Both serum and urine are required.

Specimen Type: Serum Patient Preparation: Fasting Collection Container/Tube: Preferred: Serum gel



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Acceptable: Red top Submission Container/Tube: Plastic vial Specimen Volume: 0.5 mL Collection Instructions: 1. Centrifuge and aliquot serum into a plastic vial.

2. Label specimen as serum.

Specimen Type: Urine Container/Tube: Plastic, 5-mL tube Specimen Volume: 4 mL

#### **Collection Instructions:**

1. Collect a random urine specimen.

2. No preservative.

3. Label specimen as urine.

#### Forms

If not ordering electronically, complete, print, and send a Renal Diagnostics Test Request (T830) with the specimen.

#### Specimen Minimum Volume

Urine: 1 mL; Serum: See Specimen Required

#### Reject Due To

Gross	Reject
hemolysis	

#### **Specimen Stability Information**

Specimen Type	Temperature	Time	Special Container
Serum	Frozen (preferred)	7 days	
	Refrigerated	7 days	
Urine	Refrigerated (preferred)	30 days	
	Ambient	7 days	
	Frozen	14 days	

### Clinical & Interpretive

#### **Clinical Information**

The tubular reabsorption of phosphate (TRP) is the fraction (or percent) of filtered phosphorus that is reabsorbed by renal tubules. Its measurement is useful when evaluating patients with hypophosphatemia. In general, a reduced TRP in the presence of hypophosphatemia is indicative of a renal defect in phosphate reabsorption.

The ratio of the maximum rate of tubular phosphate reabsorption to the glomerular filtration rate (TmP/GFR) is



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considered the most convenient way to evaluate renal phosphate transport and is referred to as the theoretical renal phosphate threshold. This corresponds to the theoretic lower limit of plasma phosphate below which all filtered phosphate would be reabsorbed. Although direct measurements of parathyroid hormone, which increases renal phosphate excretion, have replaced much of the utility of TmP/GFR measurements, it may still be useful in assessing renal reabsorption of phosphorus in a variety of pathological conditions associated with hypophosphatemia.

#### **Reference Values**

TUBULAR REABSORPTION OF PHOSPHORUS >80% (Although, tubular reabsorption of phosphorus levels must be interpreted in light of the prevailing plasma phosphorus and glomerular filtration rate.)

TUBULAR MAXIMUM PHOSPHORUS REABSORPTION/GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (TmP/GFR) 2.6-4.4 mg/dL (0.80-1.35 mmol/L)

PHOSPHORUS (INORGANIC) Males 1-4 years: 4.3-5.4 mg/dL 5-13 years: 3.7-5.4 mg/dL 14-15 years: 3.5-5.3 mg/dL 16-17 years: 3.1-4.7 mg/dL > or =18 years: 2.5-4.5 mg/dL Reference values have not been established for patients that are <12 months of age. Females 1-7 years: 4.3-5.4 mg/dL 8-13 years: 4.0-5.2 mg/dL 14-15 years: 3.5-4.9 mg/dL 16-17 years: 3.1-4.7 mg/dL > or =18 years: 2.5-4.5 mg/dL Reference values have not been established for patients that are <12 months of age.

PHOSPHORUS, Random Urine No established reference values

Random urine phosphorus may be interpreted in conjunction with serum phosphorus, using both values to calculate fractional excretion of phosphorus.

The calculation for fractional excretion (FE) of phosphorus (P) is FE(P)= ([P(urine)XCreat(serum)]/[P(serum)XCreat(urine)]) X 100

CREATININE Serum Males(1) 0-11 months: 0.17-0.42 mg/dL 1-5 years: 0.19-0.49 mg/dL



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6-10 years: 0.26-0.61 mg/dL 11-14 years: 0.35-0.86 mg/dL > or =15 years: 0.74-1.35 mg/dL

Females(1) 0-11 months: 0.17-0.42 mg/dL 1-5 years: 0.19-0.49 mg/dL 6-10 years: 0.26-0.61 mg/dL 11-15 years: 0.35-0.86 mg/dL > or=16 years: 0.59-1.04 mg/dL

CREATININE, Random Urine 16-326 mg/dL Reference values have not been established for patients who are less than 18 years of age.

#### Interpretation

Interpretation of tubular reabsorption of phosphate (TRP) and the maximum rate of TRP to the glomerular filtration rate (TmP/GMR) is dependent upon the clinical situation and should be interpreted in conjunction with the serum phosphorous concentration.

TmP/GFR is independent of dietary phosphorus intake, tissue release of phosphorus, and GFR.

### Cautions

No significant cautionary statements

#### **Clinical Reference**

1. Kulasingam V, Jung BP, Blaustig IM, et al: Pediatric reference intervals for 28 chemistries and immunoassays on the Roche cobas 6000 analyzer--a CALIPER pilot study. Clin Biochem. 2010;43:1045-1050

2. Suki WN, Lederer ED, Rouse D: Renal transport of calcium, magnesium, and phosphate. In: Brenner B, ed: The kidney. 6th ed. WB Saunders Company; 2000:chap 12

3. Bijvoet OL: Relation of plasma phosphate concentration to renal tubular reabsorption of phosphate. Clin Sci. 1969;37:23-36

4. Walton RJ, Bijvoet OL: Nomogram for derivation of renal threshold phosphate Concentration. Lancet. 1975;2:309-310
5. Payne RB: Renal tubular reabsorption of phosphate (TmP/GFR): indications and interpretation. Ann Clin Biochem. 1998;35:201-206

6. Delaney MP, Lamb EJ: Kidney disease. In: Rifai N, Horvath AR, Wittwer CT, eds. Textbook of Clinical Chemistry. 6th ed. Elsevier; 2018:1256-1323

### Performance

### **Method Description**

Creatinine is performed by the enzymatic method, which is based on the determination of sarcosine from creatinine with the aid of creatininase, creatinase, and sarcosine oxidase. The liberated hydrogen peroxide is measured via a



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modified Trinder reaction using a colorimetric indicator. Optimization of the buffer system and the colorimetric indicator enables the creatinine concentration to be quantified both precisely and specifically.(Package insert: Creatinine plus ver 2. Roche Diagnostics; V15.0 03/2019)

Inorganic phosphate forms an ammonium phosphomolybdate complex with ammonium molybdate in the presence of sulfuric acid. The concentration of phosphomolybdate formed is directly proportional to the inorganic phosphate concentration and is measures photometrically.(Package insert: Phosphate (Inorganic) ver 2. Roche Diagnostics; V11.0 07/2019)

PDF Report

Day(s) Performed Monday through Sunday

**Report Available** Same day/1 day

Specimen Retention Time See Individual Test IDs

**Performing Laboratory Location** Mayo Clinic Laboratories - Rochester Main Campus

### Fees & Codes

#### Fees

- Authorized users can sign in to <u>Test Prices</u> for detailed fee information.
- Clients without access to Test Prices can contact <u>Customer Service</u> 24 hours a day, seven days a week.
- Prospective clients should contact their account representative. For assistance, contact <u>Customer Service</u>.

#### **Test Classification**

This test has been cleared, approved, or is exempt by the US Food and Drug Administration and is used per manufacturer's instructions. Performance characteristics were verified by Mayo Clinic in a manner consistent with CLIA requirements.

#### **CPT Code Information**

#### LOINC<sup>®</sup> Information



# Tubular Reabsorption of Phosphorus, Random Urine and Serum

Test ID	Test Order Name	Order LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
RTRP2	Tubular Phosp Reabsorption,	In Process
	Random	
Result ID	Test Result Name	Result LOINC <sup>®</sup> Value
PHOS	Phosphorus (Inorganic), S	2777-1
TRA	TRP	50057-9
GFRR	Random TmP/GFR	103542-7
ACREA	Creatinine, S	2160-0
CRETR	Creatinine, Random, U	2161-8